Economic Research, Mexico

# Remittances – Recovering pace in the fourth month of the year

- Remittances (April): US\$5,422.3 million; Banorte: US\$5,067.3mn; consensus:
   US\$5,200.0mn (range: US\$4,900.0mn to US\$5,490.0mn); previous: US\$5,014.6mn
- Flows grew 8.3% y/y, improving vs. March (-3.4%) and adding a second straight print above US\$5,000 million. With this, the accumulated amount in the last twelve months reached US\$63,845.6 million
- The result was mainly driven by a recovery in the average amount per transaction, coming in at US\$402.55 (+5.3% y/y). The number of operations also improved (+2.8%), with the total at 13.5 million
- Sequentially, inflows climbed 0.2%, positive considering a more challenging base effect. Consistent with this, employment indicators for Mexican migrants in the US kept improving
- We maintain a relatively favorable view on remittances for the remainder of the year, although performance so far points to a slightly more challenging outlook than originally expected. In addition, MXN strength continues to be a relevant drag for these flows' purchasing

Remittances return to positive in the annual comparison, regaining speed. The amount sent came in at US\$5,422.3 million, above our estimate (US\$5,067.3 million) and consensus (US\$5,200.0 million). It is relevant to mention that the seasonal effect is usually unfavorable, although we do not rule out that advanced social programs' payments, along with other factors, may have impacted patterns around the amount sent —and in previous months. On a more favorable note, the annual print was very positive at 8.3%, improving relative to March's -3.4%. We note that the overall trend continues to be resilient, which is better reflected, in our opinion, in US labor market figures. In this context, the cumulative amount of remittances received in the last twelve months reached US\$63,845.6 million (+5.5% y/y).

Delving deeper into US economic activity, the period showed mixed to negative figures at the margin. In broad terms, personal spending contracted 0.1% m/m in real terms. This contrasts with the 0.1% uptick in the retail sales' control group. On the contrary, industrial production posted null growth (0.0%), but manufacturing was down -0.3%. In construction, housing starts improved (+5.7%), although with building permits lower (-3.0%). Lastly, on prices, headline inflation was slightly lower than expected at 0.3%, with the annual print moderating to 3.4%.

Recovery in both the average amount per transaction and the number of operations. The average amount per transaction sent was US\$402.55 (previous: US\$381.95), which implies +5.3% y/y, back to positive after the 3.1% decline seen in March. The number of operations climbed to 13.5 million (previous 13.1 million) on a positive seasonal effect. This translates into +2.8%. We believe that a large part of the improvement is related to distortions from the *Easter* holiday and, to a lesser extent, social program payments in previous months. This likely resulted in migrants holding back some of the resources they typically sent when outlays to their families were made locally. After their families had drawn down those resources, migrants accelerated the money sent, which happened in subsequent months.

Additional sequential increase, driven once again by labor market improvements. On a seasonally adjusted basis, remittances rose 0.2% m/m (previous: 1.7%). We believe this is positive considering a more challenging base effect, noting once again better employment conditions.

June 3, 2024



Juan Carlos Alderete Macal, CFA Executive Director of Economic Research and Market Strategy juan.alderete.macal@banorte.com



Francisco José Flores Serrano Director of Economic Research, Mexico francisco.flores.serrano@banorte.com



Yazmín Selene Pérez Enríquez Senior Economist, Mexico yazmin.perez.enriquez@banorte.com



Cintia Gisela Nava Roa Senior Economist, Mexico cintia.nava.roa@banorte.com



www.banorte.com/analisiseconomico @analisis fundam

Winners of the awards as the best economic forecasters in Mexico by LSEG and Focus Economics in 2023

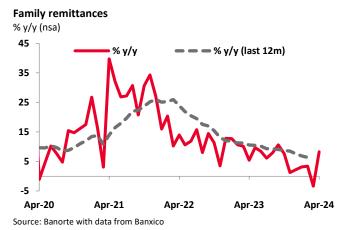


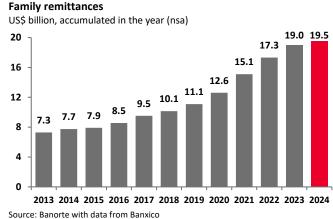


Document for distribution among the general public



For the total US population, nonfarm payrolls picked up by 175k jobs, with the unemployment rate climbing 3.9% from 3.8%. The same metric for Hispanics and Latinos expanded to 4.8% from 4.5%. More favorably, the rate for Mexican migrants declined to 4.2% from 4.7%. Specifically, the working age population –including 'natives', 'non-native citizens', and 'non-citizens' (legal and illegal)— contracted by 101.2k, with employed persons up by 39.8k and those unemployed falling by 86.8k.





Remittances will remain favorable, with US drivers still pushing along. We believe flows sent by Mexican migrants will be positive in the remainder of the year, with performance —which so far has been modest— improving in coming months. Nevertheless, results in the first four months of the year show that challenges could be somewhat larger than we anticipated in early 2024, with risks to our full-year estimate between US\$66 and US\$67 billion slightly skewed to the downside. In this context, we believe better results could be supported by: (1) A resilient US labor market, where not only jobs continue to be created, but wages are still growing at a healthy pace; (2) some signs of moderation in inflationary pressures, albeit with the need of more evidence that this reduction is not a false signal; and (3) an expansion in the US migrant population. Nevertheless, the possibility of a larger-than-expected economic deceleration and further delays of the start of the Fed's easing cycle continue to weight on the outlook.

A factor which could prove to be a more relevant driver in migrant's sentiment is the presidential election in said country. It is important to mention that some events have been brought forward, with debates to be held in June and September, before the normal window between mid-September and October. In this sense, Trump's rhetoric has remained very aggressive on migration issues, while Biden has also started to talk on this subject, knowing that this is a hot topic in the swing states.

Finally, we will continue to follow MXN dynamics closely given its implication in flows' purchasing power. Given its strength, the 'value' of said resources has been impacted in local currency terms, a situation that has adverse effects on consumption, even though the latter continues to be supported by solid employment levels.



# **Analyst Certification.**

We, Alejandro Padilla Santana, Juan Carlos Alderete Macal, Alejandro Cervantes Llamas, Marissa Garza Ostos, Katia Celina Goya Ostos, Francisco José Flores Serrano, José Luis García Casales, Santiago Leal Singer, Víctor Hugo Cortes Castro, José Itzamna Espitia Hernández, Leslie Thalía Orozco Vélez, Hugo Armando Gómez Solís, Carlos Hernández García, Yazmín Selene Pérez Enríquez, Cintia Gisela Nava Roa, Miguel Alejandro Calvo Domínguez, José De Jesús Ramírez Martínez, Daniel Sebastián Sosa Aguilar, Gerardo Daniel Valle Trujillo, Luis Leopoldo López Salinas, Marcos Saúl García Hernandez, Juan Carlos Mercado Garduño, Ana Gabriela Martínez Mosqueda, Jazmin Daniela Cuautencos Mora, Andrea Muñoz Sánchez and Paula Lozoya Valadez, certify that the points of view expressed in this document are a faithful reflection of our personal opinion on the company (s) or firm (s) within this report, along with its affiliates and/or securities issued. Moreover, we also state that we have not received, nor receive, or will receive compensation other than that of Grupo Financiero Banorte S.A.B. of C.V for the provision of our services.

#### Relevant statements.

In accordance with current laws and internal procedures manuals, analysts are allowed to hold long or short positions in shares or securities issued by companies that are listed on the Mexican Stock Exchange and may be the subject of this report; nonetheless, equity analysts have to adhere to certain rules that regulate their participation in the market in order to prevent, among other things, the use of private information for their benefit and to avoid conflicts of interest. Analysts shall refrain from investing and holding transactions with securities or derivative instruments directly or through an intermediary person, with Securities subject to research reports, from 30 calendar days prior to the issuance date of the report in question, and up to 10 calendar days after its distribution date.

# Compensation of Analysts.

Analysts' compensation is based on activities and services that are aimed at benefiting the investment clients of Casa de Bolsa Banorte and its subsidiaries. Such compensation is determined based on the general profitability of the Brokerage House and the Financial Group and on the individual performance of each analyst. However, investors should note that analysts do not receive direct payment or compensation for any specific transaction in investment banking or in other business areas.

# Last-twelve-month activities of the business areas.

**Grupo Financiero Banorte S.A.B. de C.V.,** through its business areas, provides services that include, among others, those corresponding to investment banking and corporate banking, to a large number of companies in Mexico and abroad. It may have provided, is providing or, in the future, will provide a service such as those mentioned to the companies or firms that are the subject of this report. Casa de Bolsa Banorte or its affiliates receive compensation from such corporations in consideration of the aforementioned services.

Over the course of the last twelve months, Grupo Financiero Banorte S.A.B. C.V., has not obtained compensation for services rendered by the investment bank or by any of its other business areas of the following companies or their subsidiaries, some of which could be analyzed within this report.

#### Activities of the business areas during the next three months.

Casa de Bolsa Banorte, Grupo Financiero Banorte or its subsidiaries expect to receive or intend to obtain revenue from the services provided by investment banking or any other of its business areas, by issuers or their subsidiaries, some of which could be analyzed in this report.

### Securities holdings and other disclosures.

As of the end of last quarter, Grupo Financiero Banorte S.A.B. of C.V. has not held investments, directly or indirectly, in securities or derivative financial instruments, whose underlying securities are the subject of recommendations, representing 1% or more of its investment portfolio of outstanding securities or 1 % of the issuance or underlying of the securities issued.

None of the members of the Board of Grupo Financiero Banorte and Casa de Bolsa Banorte, along general managers and executives of an immediately below level, have any charges in the issuers that may be analyzed in this document.

The Analysts of Grupo Financiero Banorte S.A.B. of C.V. do not maintain direct investments or through an intermediary person, in the securities or derivative instruments object of this analysis report.

# Guide for investment recommendations.

	Reference
BUY	When the share expected performance is greater than the MEXBOL estimated performance.
HOLD SELL	When the share expected performance is similar to the MEXBOL estimated performance.  When the share expected performance is lower than the MEXBOL estimated performance.

Even though this document offers a general criterion of investment, we urge readers to seek advice from their own Consultants or Financial Advisors, in order to consider whether any of the values mentioned in this report are in line with their investment goals, risk and financial position.

# **Determination of Target Prices**

For the calculation of estimated target prices for securities, analysts use a combination of methodologies generally accepted among financial analysts, including, but not limited to, multiples analysis, discounted cash flows, sum-of-the-parts or any other method that could be applicable in each specific case according to the current regulation. No guarantee can be given that the target prices calculated for the securities will be achieved by the analysts of Grupo Financiero Banorte S.A.B. C.V, since this depends on a large number of various endogenous and exogenous factors that affect the performance of the issuing company, the environment in which it performs, along with the influence of trends of the stock market, in which it is listed. Moreover, the investor must consider that the price of the securities or instruments can fluctuate against their interest and cause the partial and even total loss of the invested capital.

The information contained hereby has been obtained from sources that we consider to be reliable, but we make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness. The information, estimations and recommendations included in this document are valid as of the issue date, but are subject to modifications and changes without prior notice; Grupo Financiero Banorte S.A.B. of C.V. does not commit to communicate the changes and also to keep the content of this document updated. Grupo Financiero Banorte S.A.B. of C.V. takes no responsibility for any loss arising from the use of this report or its content. This document may not be photocopied, quoted, disclosed, used, or reproduced in whole or in part without prior written authorization from Grupo Financiero Banorte S.A.B. of C.V.



# Directory Research and Strategy



Raquel Vázquez Godinez Assistant raquel.vazquez@banorte.com (55) 1670 – 2967



María Fernanda Vargas Santoyo Analyst maria.vargas.santoyo@banorte.com (55) 1103 - 4000 x 2586





Juan Carlos Alderete Macal, CFA
Executive Director of Economic Research and
Market Strategy
juan.alderete.macal@banorte.com
(55) 1103 - 4046



Yazmín Selene Pérez Enríquez Senior Economist, Mexico yazmin.perez.enriquez@banorte.com (55) 5268 - 1694





Santiago Leal Singer Director of Market Strategy santiago.leal@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 1751



José Itzamna Espitia Hernández Senior Strategist, Equity jose.espitia@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 2249



Leslie Thalía Orozco Vélez Senior Strategist, Fixed Income and FX leslie.orozco.velez@banorte.com (55) 5268 - 1698



Juan Carlos Mercado Garduño Strategist, Equity juan.mercado.garduno@banorte.com (55) 1103 - 4000 x 1746

**Quantitative Analysis** 



Alejandro Cervantes Llamas Executive Director of Quantitative Analysis alejandro.cervantes@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 2972



José De Jesús Ramírez Martínez Senior Analyst, Quantitative Analysis jose.ramirez.martinez@banorte.com (55) 1103 - 4000



Andrea Muñoz Sánchez Strategist, Quantitative Analysis andrea.muñoz.sanchez@banorte.com (55) 1105 - 1430



Alejandro Padilla Santana Chief Economist and Head of Research alejandro.padilla@banorte.com (55) 1103 - 4043



Itzel Martínez Rojas Analyst itzel.martinez.rojas@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 2251



Lourdes Calvo Fernández Analyst (Edition) lourdes.calvo@banorte.com (55) 1103 - 4000 x 2611



Francisco José Flores Serrano Director of Economic Research, Mexico francisco.flores.serrano@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 2957



Cintia Gisela Nava Roa Senior Economist, Mexico cintia.nava.roa@banorte.com (55) 1105 - 1438



Marissa Garza Ostos Director of Equity Strategy marissa.garza@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 1719



Carlos Hernández García Senior Strategist, Equity carlos.hernandez.garcia@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 2250



Marcos Saúl García Hernandez Analyst, Fixed Income, FX and Commodities marcos.garcia.hernandez@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 2296



Ana Gabriela Martínez Mosqueda Strategist, Equity ana.martinez.mosqueda@banorte.com (55) 5261 - 4882

José Luis García Casales

Director of Quantitative Analysis



jose garcia.casales@banorte.com (55) 8510 - 4608



Daniel Sebastián Sosa Aguilar Senior Analyst, Quantitative Analysis daniel.sosa@banorte.com (55) 1103 - 4000 x 2124



Katia Celina Goya Ostos Director of Economic Research, Global katia.goya@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 1821



Luis Leopoldo López Salinas Economist, Global luis.lopez.salinas@banorte.com (55) 1103 - 4000 x 2707



Víctor Hugo Cortes Castro Senior Strategist, Technical victorh.cortes@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 1800



Hugo Armando Gómez Solís Senior Analyst, Corporate Debt hugoa.gomez@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 2247



Gerardo Daniel Valle Trujillo Analyst, Corporate Debt gerardo.valle.trujillo@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 2248



Paula Lozoya Valadez Analyst, Equity paula.lozoya.valadez@banorte.com (55) 1103 - 4000 x 2060



Miguel Alejandro Calvo Domínguez Senior Analyst, Quantitative Analysis miguel.calvo@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 2220



Jazmin Daniela Cuautencos Mora Strategist, Quantitative Analysis jazmin.cuautencos.mora@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 2904

